

Solving the problem of developing intercultural competence in a foreign language implies the need to study individual components of this competence in order to develop an effective way to master in students [8, p. 19].

All this makes it possible to educate a cultured person who adheres to universal values, has absorbed the richness of the cultural heritage of his people and the peoples of other countries, seeks mutual understanding, is able and ready to implement interpersonal communication.

With the help of the theoretical requirements that we have identified, it is possible to make an idea of how to form a foreign intercultural competence, how to create a classification and create a hierarchy, how to systematize the information received, create an algorithm and finally implement the ideal model formed as a result of the work done.

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PEDAGOGICAL INNOVATION PROCESSES IN TEACHING A FOREIGN LANGUAGE

Omirezak A. N., 4th year student of the specialty “Foreign language: two foreign languages”
Zhetysu University named after Ilyas Zhansugurov, Taldykorgan

E-mail: akniet2001akniet@mail.ru

The article deals with the general overview of the development in the field of education, modern pedagogical and innovative technologies that would increase the educational level of schoolchildren and students in order to involve the masses in the educational process. It is necessary to classify pedagogical technology, created in accordance with the curriculum, can significantly increase interest in learning the foreign language.

Key words: education system, scientific potential, professional competencies, pedagogical technologies, innovative technologies

В статье предлагается общий обзор разработок в сфере образования, современных педагогических и инновационных технологий, которые позволили бы повысить образовательный

уровень школьников и студентов с целью вовлечения широких масс в образовательный процесс. Необходимо классифицировать педагогические технологии, созданные в соответствии с учебным планом, могут значительно повысить интерес к обучению.

Ключевые слова: система образования, научный потенциал, профессиональные компетенции, педагогические технологии, инновационные технологии.

Мақалада білім беру саласындағы жаңалықтарға жалпы шолу жасалған, білім беру үдерісіне қалың бұқараны тарту мақсатында оқушылар мен студенттердің білім деңгейін арттыруға мүмкіндік беретін заманауи педагогикалық және инновациялық технологиялар берілген. Оқу бағдарламасына сәйкес құрылған педагогикалық технологияларды жіктеу қажет, оқуға деген қызығушылықты айтарлықтай арттыра алады.

Тірек сөздер: білім беру жүйесі, ғылыми әлеует, кәсіби құзыреттіліктер, педагогикалық технологиялар, инновациялық технологиялар.

Particularly in recent years we've become progressively curious about the applying of recent innovative technologies in the sciences. The innovation process is connected with the term "news". The class of reports is said to new methods, programs, technologies, and new kinds of teaching methods, a replacement approach to the educational process.

The fundamental aim of foreign teaching is to make and develop a communicative culture, to show sensible foreign language skills and, on top of all, to supply theoretical and practice-oriented preparation of graduates for contemporary life; the most aim is to activate psychological feature activity within the method of foreign language teaching.

Modern pedagogical technologies such as the use of new information technologies, innovative technologies, Internet resources, innovative programs and critical thinking technology will help us implement a guided learning approach and ensure individualization, diversification and differentiation. Increasing the level of education of pupils and students in order to engage the masses in the educational process, which is the main prerequisite for the development of the potential of society. The importance and significance of this issue has increased manifold and is growing steadily with the transition from individual to mass education, where the audience is an entire class or audience. [3]

Educational establishments within the academic method use varied techniques and technical suggested in teaching, like projectors, slide projectors, slides, computers, moderators, lingo-phones and lots of styles of active learning ways: business games, activity-based games, distance learning, traditional lectures, seminars, sensible classes, colloquiums, debates, spherical tables, conferences, to reinforce learning and improve the standard of the material' absorption. [4]

However, it's not the formal set of technologies or teaching methods that are important to utmost educational outcome. Within the process of applying innovative technologies, the pupil's position additionally changes: the goal becomes active interaction with the teacher and the pupils. For this purpose, it's vital to classify pedagogic technologies.

According to the classification of A.Y. Savelie [1, p 12]

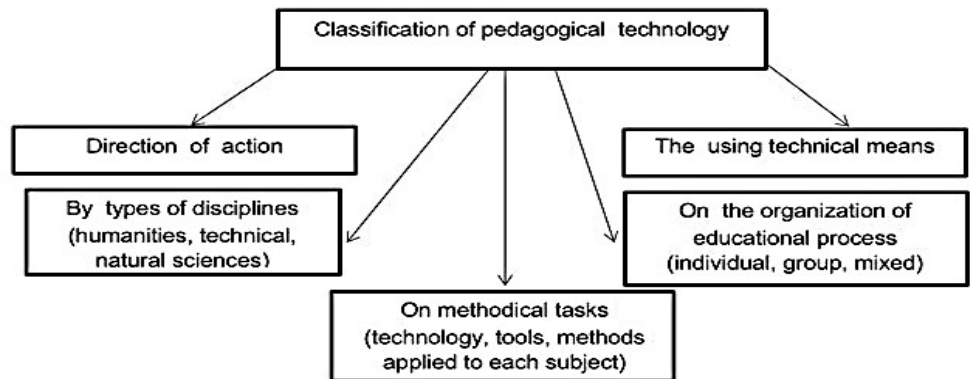
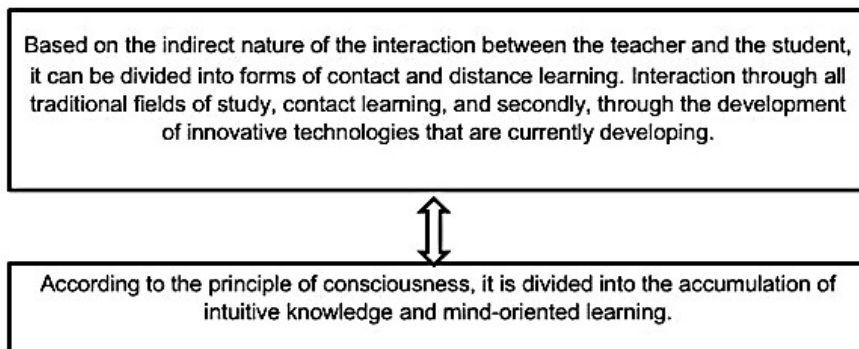


Figure -1Classification of A.Y. Saveliyev

Thus, it can be distinguished that at present the areas of study are considered from the point of view of some general concepts.



For potency increasing the amount of education of pupils and students: using the classification of pedagogic technologies, created in step with the curriculum, can considerably increase the interest in learning. Innovative technologies, equivalent to the strategy of the project, role plays, discussion, similarly because the conduct of non-traditional lessons, creates such conditions, represents its own natural feature process, that stimulates interest within the lessons and develops the imagination of the scholar. [1, p 13]

Issues that arise between the student and therefore the teacher, disappear, as a result of the aim of communication between the teacher and the students isn't the presentation of information, however discussion and consolidation. An important aspect of the teacher's work is trying to understand the ways in which each student understands the topic. An understanding of the need to work with students to improve or change their understanding, and an understanding that each student can take in the learning material in special methods. [2, p 46-47]

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MODERNIZATION INFLUENCE ON THE FORMATION OF THE INDEPENDENT KAZAKHSTAN

Tubekova D.O., Lecturer of the Department "Management and Tourism" Master of Economics
International Kazakh-Turkish University by H.A.Yasavi, Kazakhstan, Turkestan

E-mail: danamktu@mail.ru

В данной статье рассматриваются влияние модернизации на формирование независимого Казахстана. Модернизация становится процессом политической, социально-экономической трансформации общества. Ее целевой предназначенностью является достижение стабильности и оптимальной динамичности. Политическую систему можно определить стабильной, если под влиянием как внутренних, так и внешних факторов она в состоянии сохранить свою структуру, адаптироваться к происходящим изменениям.